PROGRAMME GUIDE

MASTER OF SCIENCE (M.Sc.) BOTANY

*Scheme of Examination (CBCS/ELECTIVE)

*Detailed Structure of Syllabus



DR. C.V.RAMAN UNIVERSITY

KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR, CHATTISGARH (C.G.) PHONE:07753-253737, Fax: 07753-253728 Website:www.cvru.ac

Jones .

My

Duration: 24 Months (2Years) Eligibility: Graduation with Science Subjects

Course Details				External Assessment		Internal Assessment				Credit Distribution			Allotted Credits
	Course		Total	Major		Minor		Sessional ***					Subject
Course Code	Type	Course Title	Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	L	T	P	wise Distribution
	The	ory Group											
6SMB0101	Core Course	Biology and Diversity of algae, Bryophytes ,pteridophytes and Gymnosperms	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-		4
6SMB0102	Core Course	Biology and Diversity of Viruses, Bacteria and Fungi	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
6SMB0103	Core Course	Morphology, anatomy and taxonomy of angiospermic plant	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4		-	4
6SMB0104	Core Course	Plant structure and Development	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
	Pract	ical Group		Prac	n End etical am	La Perfor	ab mance	Sess	ional				
6SMB0105	Practical	LAB - I	50	25	08	-); — .	25	08	-	-	2	2
6SMB0106	Practical	LAB - II	50	25	08		-	25	08	-	14	2	2
	Grand Total		500							16	-	4	20

Major- Term End Theory / Practical Exam

7

Minor- Pre University Test

Sessional weightage - Attendance 50%, Three Class Tests/ Lab Performance Assignment 50%

Dr. C.V. Raman University Kota, Bilaspur (C.G.)

Duration: 24 Months (2 Years)

Eligibility: Graduation with Science Subjects

	Course	Details		External Assessment Major		1	internal	Assessme	ent	1	redi ribu		Allotted Credits
Course	Course Tyme	Course Title	Total			Minor		Sessional ***			т		Subject
Code	Course Type	Course Title	Marks		Min Marks	Max Mark	Min ks Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	L	Т	P	wise Distributio
	Theory	Group											
6SMB0201	Core Course	Plant physiology, Biochemistry and Metabolism	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
6SMB0202	Core Course	Biology and Diversity of Gymnosperms	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
6SMB0203	Core Course	Plant Resource Utilization And Conservation	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
6SMB0204	Core Course	Cell Biology and Genetics	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
	Practica	l Group		Term Prac Exa	tical		Lab ormance	Sessio	onal				
6SMB0205	0 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	Lab -I	50	25	08	-	-	25	08	-	-	2	2
SMB0206		Lab-II	50	25	08	-	1-	25	08	-	-	2	2
	Skill Co							Sessio	nal				
	Skill Enhancement	Skill Enhancement Elective Course-I	50	×	-	-	-	50	20	1	-	1	2
	Grand Total		550							17		5	22

Major- Term End Theory / Practical Exam

Minor- Pre University Test

Sessional weightage - Attendance 50%, Three Class Tests/ Lab Performance Assignment 50% Skill Elective I - Any other course being offered in this semester as per the list given at the end of course structure.

nistrar (Academic) Deputy Dr. C.V. Raman University Kota, Blaspur (C.G.)

Duration: 24 Months (2 Years)

Eligibility: Graduation with Science Subjects

	Course	Details		External Assessment Major		Internal Assessment				Credit Distribution			Allotted Credits
Course	G	C Tid	Total			Minor		Sessional ***			æ	_ n	Subject
Code	Course Type	Course Title	Marks		Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	L	T	P	wise Distribution
	Theory	Group											
6SMB0301	Core Course	Biotechnology and tissue culture	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
6SMB0302	Core Course	Molecular biology of plant	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	•	*	4
****	Discipline Specific Elective	Elective –I (Select anyone from below given Elective-I)	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4		-	4
****	Discipline Specific Elective	Elective –II (Select anyone from below given Elective-I)	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4		-	4
		al Group		Prac	n End ctical am	La Perfor		Sess	ional				
****	Practical	Lab -I	50	25	08		8=	25	08	-	-	2	2
****	Practical	Lab-II	50	25	08	=	(e	25	08	-	-	2	2
	Skill C	ourses						Sessi	ional				
	Skill Enhancement	Skill Enhancement Elective Course-1	50	-	-	-	-	50	20	1	-	1	2
	Grand Total		550							17	-	5	22

Major- Term End Theory / Practical Exam

Minor- Pre University Test

Sessional weightage - Attendance 50%, Three Class Tests/ Lab Performance Assignment 50%

Skill Elective I – Any other course being offered in this semester as per the list given at the end of course structure

Duration: 24 Months (2Years)

Eligibility: Graduation with Science Subjects

		COURSE STRU	CTUF	RE M.S	C BOT	ANY SI	EMEST	ER IV	th				
	Cou	ırse Details			ernal ssment	Inte	rnal A	ssessi	nent		Cred cribu	it ition	Allotted Credits
Course	Course Tyme	Course Title	Total	Major		Minor		Sessional ***		,	Т	р	Subject wise
Code	Course Type		Marks	The second section	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	L	1	Р	Distributio n
	Th	eory Group											
****	Discipline Specific Elective	Elective –III (Select anyone from below given Elective-I)	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4		-	4
****	Discipline Specific Elective	Elective –IV (Select anyone from below given Elective-I)	100	50	17	20	08	30	12	4	-	-	4
	Pra	ctical Group		Pra	n End ctical cam	La Perfor		Sess	ional				
****	Practical	LAB - 1	50	25	08	-	-	25	08	-	-	2	2
****	Practical	LAB – II	50	25	08	-	-	25	08	-	-	2	2
	Research Component	Project/Internship/Field work & Viva Voce	200	100	33	2	-	100	40	-	÷	8	8
	Grand Total		500							8		12	20

Minimum Passing Marks are equivalent to GradeD L- Lectures T- Tutorials P- Practical

Major- Term End Theory / PracticalExam

Minor- Pre University Test

Sessional weightage – Attendance 50%, Three Class Tests/Lab Performance Assignment 50% Compulsory Project/Dissertation with choice in any Disciplinary specific elective. Compulsory one paper presentation certificate in related discipline.

Only

PROJECT

All the candidates of M.Sc. (Botany) are required to submit a project-report based on the work done by him/her during the project period. A detailed Viva shall be conducted by an external examiner based on the project report. Students are advised to see the detailed project related guidelines on the website of RNTU. (www.rntu.ac.in) under Project Guidelines for studentsection.

Outcome-The student will identify a problem on which he/she would be able to work, identify the scope of research on the chosen topic and will frame the objectives to be addressed in the project through a work plan.

Drah .

Deputy Registrar (Academic) Dr. C.V. Raman University

SPECILIZATION WITH ELECTIVE

*Note - Students need to select any one group and choose any two subjects from selected group for Third and fourth semester.

	Electives for T	hird Semester		I	Electives for	Fourth Semester
Course Code	Course Type	List of Electives		ourse ode	Course Type	List of Electives
C	GROUP ELECTIVE -I Name – Botany Discipline Specific Elective-1 Discipline Specific Elective-1 Plant Pathology Plant Reproduction Elective-1 GROUP ELECTIVE -II NAME: Botany				UP ELECTIV	/E -III Name -Botany
6SMB0303	Specific	Plant Pathology	6SM	B0401	Discipline Specific Elective-3	Tools and Techniques
6SMB0304	Specific	Plant Reproduction	6SM	BO402	Discipline Specific Elective-3	Evolutionary and Economic Botany
G	ROUP ELECTIVE	-II NAME: Botany		GRO	UP ELECTIV	E -I V Name – Botany
6SMB0305	Discipline Specific Elective-2	Plant Ecology	6SM	B0403	Discipline Specific Elective-4	Methods in Biology. Applied Biology Instrument, Biostatistics and Computer
6SMB0306	Discipline Specific Elective-2	Plants & Society	6SM	BO404	Discipline Specific Elective-4	Ethnobotany

Arred .

ands

///

W.E.F. J414. 2020.21

SKILL ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSES

		Non-Technical									
Elective No.		Department/ Faculty Name									
		Faculty of Information Technology									
I	SCIT 201	Data Entry Operation	2(1+0+1)								
II	SCIT 301	Multimedia	2(1+0+1)								
III	SCIT 501	Web Designing with HTML	2(1+0+1)								
IV	SCMIT 201	Web Development	2(1+0+1)								
V	SCMIT 301	LINUX	2(1+0+1)								
		Faculty of Management									
I	SMGT 201	Briefing and Presentation Skills	2(1+0+1)								
II	SMGT 301	Resolving Conflicts and Negotiation Skills	2(1+0+1)								
III	SMGT 802	Entrepreneurship Development	2(1+0+1)								
		Faculty of Commerce									
I	SCOM 201	Tally ERP 9	2(1+0+1)								
II	SCOM 302	Multimedia	2(1+0+1)								
III	SCOM 803	Data Analyst	2(1+0+1)								
		Faculty of Humanities									
I	SHBA 301	Pursuing Happiness	2(1+0+1)								
II	SHBA302	Communication Skill and Personality Development	2(1+0+1)								
III	SHMA301	Tourism in M.P	2(1+0+1)								
		Faculty of Science									
I	SSBI 301	Mushroom Cultivation	2(1+0+1)								
II	SSPH 301	House Hold Wiring	2(1+0+1)								
III	SSPH 301	Basic Instrumentation	2(1+0+1)								
IV	SSPH 301	DTP Operator	2(1+0+1)								
V	SSCH 301	Graphic Designing	2(1+0+1)								
		Faculty of Education									
I	SCBE 403	Understanding of ICTC (Information Communication Technology)	2(1+0+1)								
II	SCPE 201	Yoga Education	2(1+0+1)								
	0 0	10									

A South

chyla

COURSE OBJECTIVE:-

The program of M.Sc. Botany is designed with an objective to encourage and support the growing demands and challenging trends in the educational scenario. The program focuses on the all-round development of the students to face the competitive world. The objectives of the program are as follows:

- To understand the scope and significance of the discipline.
- To imbibe love and curiosity towards nature through the living plants.
- To make students open-minded and curious, we try our best to enhance and develop a scientific attitude.
- To make the students exposed to the diverse life forms.
- To make them skilled in practical work, experiments, laboratory equipment and to interpret correctly on biological materials and data.
- To encourage the students to do research in related disciplines.
- To develop the ability of the students to transform the society through their education.
- To acquaint the students about the methods used in the maintenance of different natural resources.
- · Critical Thinking: to include creative thinking, innovation, inquiry and analysis, evaluation
- · and synthesis of information.
- · Topics include the study of plant form, function and reproduction, and an overview of plant
- · diversityincludingbryophytes, ferns, and seed plants.

Programme Outcome (M.Sc. Botany)

- 1. Students have understood the scope and significance of the program.
- 2. Students have developed the scientific temperament after completion of the program.
- 3. Students have developed the skills to identify different types of plants.
- 4. Students have developed the skills to do laboratory work from different equipments.
- 5. Students have developed the skills related to scientific research in the area of Botany.
- 6. Students are ready to transform the society and can explain the importance of different plants to human beings.

Programme Specific Outcome (M.Sc. Botany)

- · Describe the evolution, anatomy, morphology, systematic, genetics, physiology and ecology of plants.
- · The ecological and evolutionary features of the flora and fauna in environment
- Knowledge about identify and analyze scientific problems and environmental issues using oral and written communication skills.
- Knowledge about the continually developing and is dynamic; students can find new scientific information and compare it with existing information.
- Describe how all scientific knowledge is continually developing and is dynamic; students can find new information and compare it with existing information



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st

Subject Code: 6SMBO101

Course: M. Sc. Botany

Theory Max. Marks: 50

SUBJECT:BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF ALGAE, BRYOPHYTES, Theory Min. Marks: 17

PTERIDOPHYTES AND GYMNOSPERMS

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To acquaint the students about the morphology, biology and importance of algal organisms, Bryophytes, Peridophytes and gymnosperms

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Algae Classification, thallus organization and economic importance of algae. A general account on structure, reproduction, ecology and phylogenetic relationship of Cyanophyta, Chlorophyta, Charophyta, Xanthophyta, Bacillariophyta, Phaeophyta and Rhodophyta.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Bryophytes Classification, general characters, range of thallus organization, reproduction and evolutionary trends in Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Pteridophytes Origin and evolution of early vascular plants. Study of morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Psilopsida, Lycopsida, Sphenopsida and Pteropsida. Evolution of stele in Pteridophytes. Heterospory and origin of seed habit.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Gymnosperms Classification, distribution and economic importance. Structure and reproduction in Pteridospermales, Bennettitales, Pentoxylales, Cycadales, Cordaitales,	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	General characters of Coniferales ,Ephedrales Structure and reproduction in Ginkgoales, Coniferales, Ephedrales, Welwitschiales and Gnetales.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The course will enable students to know the earlier plants, their vegetative and reproductive structures and their importance.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Phycologist,	Algal identification,	Goal 04(Quality education)	Algal food production
Academician,	Taxonomic Identification	Goal 13 (Climate action)	
Taxonomist		Goal 15 (Life on land)	



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF VIRUSES,

BACTERIA AND FUNGI

Subject Code: 6SMBO102 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To acquaint the students about the morphology, characters and importance of different microorganisms

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Brief account of discovery of viruses. General properties, structure, cultivation, purification, replication and transmission of viruses. Brief account of bacteriophages and plant viruses. Economic Importance.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Morphology and ultrastructure of bacteria. Nutritional types (autotrophs and heterotrophs), growth of bacteria. Recombination in bacteria (transforamtion, trnsduction and conjugation).	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	General characters of Actinomycetes, Mycoplasmas and Cyanobacteria. Economic importance of bacteria.Status of fungi – Kingdom Mycota.General characters, nutrition, reproduction.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Heterothallism and parasexuality. Edible and poisonous mushrooms. Mushroom cultivation. Importance of fungi in agriculture and industry	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Classification of fungi (Ainsworth System). General account of Myxomycota, Mastigomycotina, Zygomycotina, Ascomycotina, Basidiomycotina and Deuteromycotina	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The course will enable students to know about different types of microorganisms viz. Bacteria, Viruses, Fungi and Cyanobacteria

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Microbiologist,	Bacterial id	dentification,	Goal 03 (Good Health and	Mushroom Production,
Academician, Mycologist,	Fungal Id	dentification,	Well being)	Food Industry
Bacteriologist	Mushroom Produ	action	Goal 04(Quality education)	
			Goal 13 (Climate action)	
		6	Goal 15 (Life on land)	



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: MORPHOLOGY, ANATOMY AND TAXONOMY

OF ANGIOSPERM PLANT

Subject Code: 6SMBO103 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To understand the various kinds of plants on the surface of earth with their names, affinities, geographical distribution, habit characteristics and their economic importance.

To understand the diversities of plant kingdom and their relation to evolution of plants. A systematic
reconstruction of plant kingdom can be made only after the complete knowledge of the individual plants.

• To understand the various aspects of plant nomenclature and classification.

To understand the classical and modern trends of Angiosperm taxonomy

· To understand the salient features of angiosperm families

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Taxonomy and Systematics. Principles of Plant taxonomy.Principles of ICBN.Systems of angiosperm classification.A comparison of Pre Darwinian and Post Darwinian classification.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Phylogenetic systems – relative merits and demerits of major systems of classification. Hierarchialclassification. Taxonomic evidence – morphology, anatomy, palynology, Embryology, Cytology, Phytochemistry etc.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Process of plant identification and preparation of herbarium. Taxonomic tools – Herbarium, floras, botanical gardens (National and International), Serological and Molecular techniques.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Modern taxonomy — Secondary metabolites in plants (Chemotaxonomy), Phenetic (Numerical) and Phylogenetic (Cladistic) methods. Plant explorations and introductions.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Give the taxonomic account of following families; Ranunculaceae, Malvaceae, Asteraceae, Rubiaceae, Fabaceae, Lamiaceae, Bignoniaceae, Acanthaceae, Apocynaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Poaceae, Liliaceae.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- · Acquire basic skills on the plant taxonomy with special reference to Angiosperms
- Illustrate the types; merits and demerits of various system of classification

 Identify the angiosperms families with specific key characters; learn various advanced tools to study plant taxonomy

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepre Opportur	COLUMN TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Taxonomist,	Plant ide	entification,	Goal 04(Quality education)	Plant	Cultivation	and
Academician	Taxonomic De	escription	Goal 13 (Climate action)	opportunit	ty for plant explo	oration
	2	M	Goal 15 (Life on land)			



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:PLANT STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT

Subject Code: 6SMBO104 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students:

- To understand the development of SAM and RAM
- To understand the Mechanism of Seed Germination and growth
- To understand the principles of microscopy

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Introduction Unique features of plant development; differences between animal and plant development. Shoot development; Organization of the shoot, apical meristem (SAM);cytological and molecular analysis of SAM; control of cell division and cell to cell communication; secretory ducts and laticifers. Structure, differentiation and phylogenetic specializations of xylem and phloem.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Dormant and active vascular cambium and its abnormal activity, Wood development in relation to environmental factors. Leaf growth and differentiation; determination phyllotaxy, control of leaf form; differentiation of epidermis (with special reference to stomata and trichomes) and mesophyll.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Root development Organization of root apical meristem (RAM);cell fates and lineages; vascular tissue differentiation; lateral roots; root hairs; root microbe interaction.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Seed germination and seedling growth Metabolism of nucleic acids, Proteins and mobilization of food reserves; tropisms; hormonal control of seedling growth; gene expression; use of mutants in understanding seedling development.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Latent life dormancy Importance and types of dormancy, seed dormancy, overcoming seed dormancy, bud dormancy; Senescence and programmed cell death (PCD); Basic concepts; types of cell death, PCD in the life cycle of plants, metabolic changes associated with senescence and its regulation, influence of hormones and environmental factors on senescence; Principles of microscopy (Light and electron microscopy).	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- · Understand the various developments of SAM and RAM
- · Describe the mechanism of seed germination and seed growth

• Understand the process of microscopy

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Seed Biologist,	Seed growth	Goal 04(Quality education)	Seed producer
Academician	regulation ,	Goal 13 (Climate action)	
C J	M	Goal 15 (Life on land)	

A Arrage



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code: 6SMBO105 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

PRACTICAL (LABORATORY -I):-

- 1. Study and identify the permanent slide of Algae, fungi, Bryophyte, pteridophyte.
- 2. Section cutting of plant material.
- 3. To study the External morphology and taxonomy of plant.
- 4. To study and identify the permanent slide of Gymnosperms.
- 5. Study the specimen of diseased plants.
- 6. To culture Bacteria in different media.
- Study of viruses and bacteria using electron photo micrographs (TMV, Bacteriophage, HIV, Cocci, Bacillus, Spirillum bacteria).
- 8. Gram staining technique.
- 9. Knowledge of Equipment used Spirit lamp, Inoculation loop, Hot-air oven, Autoclave/Pressure cooker, laminar air flow chamber and Incubator.
- 10. Preparation of liquid and solid media for culturing of microbes (Demonstration).
- 11. Study of viruses and bacteria using electron photo micrographs (TMV, Bacteriophage, HIV, Cocci, Bacillus, Spirillum bacteria).
- 12. Gram staining technique.
- 13. Study of Plant disease symptoms caused by Bacteria (Citrus canker, leaf blight of rice, Angular leaf spot of Cotton) and viruses (TMV, Bhendi vein clearing and Leaf curl of Papaya), Fungi (Late blight of potato, Red rot of Sugarcane and Paddy blast).

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Phycologist,		cation,	Goal 04(Quality education)	Algal food production
Academician, Taxonomist			Goal 03 (Good Health and	
Microbiologist,	Bacterial identifi	cation,	Well being)	Food Industry
Academician, Mycologist,	Fungal Identifi	cation,	Goal 13 (Climate action)	•
Bacteriologist	Mushroom Production		Goal 15 (Life on land)	

my

Ang.



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 1st

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code: 6SMBO106 Theory Max. Marks: 25 Theory Min. Marks: 08

PRACTICAL (LABORATORY -II):-

- Description and identification of plant species belonging to Family with their floral formulae and floral diagrams
- To study the transverse section of plants of different families. 3.To collect and prepare herbarium file.
- To study the parts of flower.
- To study the transverse section of anther, pollen grain, megasporophyte. 6.To study the T.S. of dicot monocot embryo.

Paper IV:

- Examination of shoot apices in a monocotyledon in both T.S. and L.S. to show the origin and arrangement of leaf primordia.
- Study of alternate and distichous; alternate and superposed; opposite and superposed; opposite and decussate leaf arrangement. Examination of rosette plants (Launaea, Mullugo, Raphanus, Hyoscyamus, etc.) and induction of bolting under natural conditions as well as by GA treatement.
- Microscopic examination of vertical sections of leaves such as Cannnabis, Nicotiana, Nerium, Zea mays and Triticum to understand the internal structure of leaf tissues and trichomes, glands, etc. Also study the C3 and C4 leaf anatomy of plants.
- Study of epidermal peels of leaves such as Coccinia, Gaillardia, Tradescantia, Notonea, etc. To study the
 development and final structure of stomata and prepare stomatal index. Demonstration of the effect of ABA
 on stomatal closure.
- Study of whole roots in monocots and dicots. Examination of L.S. of root from a permanent preparation to understand the organization of root apical meristem and its derivatives (use maize, aerial roots of banyan, Pistia, Jussiena, etc.). Origin of lateral roots. Study of leguminous roots with different types of nodules.
- Sutdy of permanent tissues.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal	Entrepreneurship
	Developed	Achieved	Opportunity
Taxonomist, Academician Seed Biologist, Academician	Plant identification, Taxonomic Description Seed growth regulation	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action) Goal 15 (Life on land)	Plant Cultivation and opportunity for plant exploration

A forces

OLING

Mul



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd
Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:PLANT PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM Subject Code: 6SMBO201 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Demonstrate an understanding of how water moves in plants at both molecular and organismal levels.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the biochemical processes of photosynthesis, glycolysis, citric acidcycle, and electron transport.
- Use simple laboratory skills in scientific measurements. 4. Write a scientific research paper.
- The field of plant physiology includes the study of all the internal activities of plants-those chemical and physical processes associated with life as they occur in plants.
- A program that focuses on the scientific study of the cell and molecular plant biology and physiology, water relations and transpiration and mineral nutrition, especially nitrogen metabolism.
- Fundamental processes such as photosynthesis, respiration and plant hormone functions. During this course
 you also will learn how plant growth and development and their tropisms, nastic movements, photoperiodism,
 photomorphogenesis, circadian rhythms under different environmental conditions.
- Identify the organs and tissue systems of plants, and explain their respective functions.
- Describe the principal cell types comprising each tissue system.
- Identify location and function of apical meristems, and describe their general structure.
- · Distinguish secondary from primary tissues in woody stem and root growth
- Understand how to apply the basic concepts of Plant Physiology in other disciplines of agriculture.
- To understand, to know and discuss the concept of physiological processes of plants.
- Understand and describe the distribution of metabolic processes in the cell.
- Understand the importance of mineral nutrition, transpiration, photosynthesis and respiration of plant organisms.
- To understand and explain the processes of growth and development of plants.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	 Fundamentals of enzymology: General aspects, Allosteric mechanism, regulatory and sites, Isoenzyme, kinetics of enzymatic catalysis, Michaelis-Menten equation, and its significance, Mechanism of enzyme action. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	 Photochemistry and Photosynthesis: General concept and Historical back ground, evolution of photosynthetic apparatus, photosynthetic pigment and light harvesting complexes, Photo oxidation of water, mechanism of electron and proton transport, Carbon assimilation, Calvin cycle, Photorespiration and its significant, C-4 cycle, CAM path way physiological and ecological consideration. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	 Respiration: Overview of plant respiration, Glycolysis, TCA cycle, Electron Transport, 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and

A Tomas

	 Structure, function & synthesis of ATP, oxidative pentose phosphate pathway. 	though Microscope
Unit-IV	 Structure classification and function of carbohydrate Biosynthesis of sucrose and starch, Structure and function of Lipids, Fatty acid biosynthesis, Synthesis of membrane lipids, structural lipids and storage lipids, , and their catabolism, Glyoxilate cycle and alternative oxidases system. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	 Nitrogen fixation, (chemical and biological) Nodule formation, Mechanism of Nitrate uptake and reduction, ammonium assimilation, Sulphate uptake, transport and assimilation. Sulphur metabolism, Vitamins (structure and role). 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Understand how to apply the basic concepts of Plant Physiology in other disciplines of agriculture.
- To understand, to know and discuss the concept of physiological processes of plants.
- Understand and describe the distribution of metabolic processes in the cell.
- Understand the importance of mineral nutrition, transpiration, photosynthesis and respiration of plant organisms.
- To understand and explain the processes of growth and development of plants.

Job Opportunities		Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Plant Academi	physiologist, cian	Plant regulation	growth	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Plant Cultivator
				Goal 15 (Life on land)	

my

hingh



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF GYMNOSPERMS

Subject Code: 6SMBO202 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

Be able to compare and contrast the characteristics of seed, nonseed, and nonvascular plants. To do this
completes the table below.

Characteristic	Nonvascular Plants	Nonseed Plants	Seed Plants
Dominant Phase of Plant Life Cycle			
Swimming Sperm			
Pollen Tube			
Pollen or Spores			
Homospory or Heterospory or Mixed			
Examples of Plants in this Group			

- Be able to list the uses of some common gymnosperm plants, such as pines and ginkgoes.
- Be able to list some of the uses of flowering plants.
- It has been stated that the ancestor of flowering plants most likely was a gnetalean plant (or at least a plant closely related to them). What evidence supports this?
- How might the fact that a species in monoecious or dioecious affect your decision to use it as a crop plant? As a landscape plant?
- Discuss the type of seeds produced by gymnosperms, as well as other characteristics of gymnosperms
- State which period saw the first appearance of gymnosperms and explain when they were the dominant plant life
- List the four groups of modern-day gymnosperms and provide examples of each

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	 General Characteristics, Classification, Distribution of Gymnosperms in India,, Economic Importance, Evolutionary Tendencies in Gymnosperms Indian Contribution to Gymnosperms. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	 General Characteristics of fossil Gymnosperms, (Pteridospermales): Lygenopteris, Medullosa, Glossopteris, Caytonia, Pentoxylon, 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	 General characteristics of (Cycadeoidales&Cycadales): Bennettitales, Williamsonia, Cycadeoidea, Cycas, Zamia Nillsonia. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	 General Characteristics of Ginkgoales, Corditales and Coniferales: Ginkgo, Cordites, Cedrus, Pinus, Arguegaria 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

A) Trab

7

	Cryptomeria,Thuza,Cupressus,Podocarpus,Taxux.	
Unit-V	 General Characteristics of Ephedrales, Welwitschiales And Gnetales : Ephedra, Welwitschia, Gnetum. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- List the feature of an organism that is needed to qualify it as a plant.
- List examples of plants.
- Define the term alternation of generations.
- Diagram the life cycle of a moss and compare it to the life cycle of a fern.
- Know the differences among the plant groups.
- Describe the evolutionary relationships among plants.
- Explain how plants adapted to terrestrial habitats.
- Describe the advantage of vascular tissue to plants.
- Differentiate among roots, stems, and leaves.
- Distinguish between vascular and nonvascular tissue.
- Compare gymnosperms and angiosperms.
- Defneand contrast homospory and heterospory
- Discuss the evolutionary advantage of heterosporty over homospory
- Identify the parts of a seed and discuss why reproducing by seeds is an advantaged compared to reproducing by spores
- Discuss the life cycle of a pine.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Academician,	Taxonomic	Goal 04(Quality education)	Environmentalist
Taxonomist	Identification	Goal 13 (Climate action)	
		Goal 15 (Life on land)	
A		Chy.	,
1 Association	and the same of th	\\u\\ <u>\</u>	
1)		1. \	
			1



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:PLANT RESOURCE UTILIZATION AND CONSERVATION

Subject Code: 6SMBO203 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students:

- To understand the threats of air, soil and water pollution
- To understand the economic importance of different plants
- To understand the various threats of biodiversity and the strategies for conservation

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Air pollution Classification and properties of air pollutants and their effects on plants; Ozone layer and Ozone hole; climate change. Water pollution: Domestic and industrial water pollution; oil pollution; Soil pollution; acidification, agrochemical pollution; contamination by metalliferous wastes.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Botany, cultivation and uses of: 1) Food crops: Rice, Wheat and Sorghum. 2) Vegetable crops: Potato, tomato and chillies Distribution, description and uses of: 3) Timber yielding plants: Tectona, Dalbergia and Rosewood. 4) Medicinal plants: Rawolfia, Withania, Emblica, Andrographis, Aloe and Neem. 5) Production and applications of biofuels – Biogas, hydrogen and methane.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Phytogeography – Hotspots of India and world. General account on activities of DBT, Botanical Survey of India and NBPGR.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Biodiversity – Current concept and status in India. Conservation of Biology. Current practice in conservation in India and abroad. Organisations involved in resource conservation IUCN, WWF, UNEP, UNESCO.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Strategies for in situ conservation – Protected areas, Wildlife sanctuaries, National parks, Biosphere reserves, mangroves. Strategies for ex situ conservation – Botanical Gardens, Seed banks, Field gene banks, in vitro conservation	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the various uses of plants; biodiversity status, loss and management strategies.
- Describe economically important plants with binomial names, family and uses
- Analyse the biogeography, status and loss of biodiversity, initiatives for biodiversity conservation

Job Opportunities		Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity	
Air	Pollution	production of vegetable and	Goal 04(Quality education)	Plant conservationist	
Acaden	nician	medicinal plants	Goal 13 (Climate action)		
		()	Goal 15 (Life on land)		

Dog . J.S.

only



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS

Subject Code: 6SMB0204 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Students will understand the structures and purposes of basic components of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, especially macromolecules, membranes, and organelles
- Students will understand how these cellular components are used to generate and utilize energy in cells
- Students will understand the cellular components underlying mitotic cell division.
- Students will apply their knowledge of cell biology to selected examples of changes or cell function.
 These can include responses to environmental or physiological changes, or alterations of cell function brought about by mutation.
- Students will learn the basic principles of inheritance at the molecular, cellular and organismal levels.
- Students will understand causal relationships between molecule/cell level phenomena ("modern" genetics) and organism-level patterns of heredity ("classical" genetics)
- Students will test and deepen their mastery of genetics by applying this knowledge in a variety of problemsolving situatio

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	 Structure and Organization of Plant Cell, Structure and Function of Cell wall, Plasma Membrane, Ion carriers, Channels and pumps, Receptors, Plasmodesmeta, and Sites for ATPases. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	 Structure and Function of Cell organelles: Chloroplast, Mitochondria, Vacuole, E.R. Lysosomes, Ribosome, Golgi Body. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	 Structure and Function of Nucleus, Nucleosome, Chromosome Structure and Packaging of DNA, Euchromatin, Heterochromatin, Karyotype, Binding patterns a special types of chromosomes. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	 Cell division, Cell cycle, Programmed cell death, Structural changes in Chromosomes (Duplication, Deficiency Inversion, and Translocation), Numerical changes in Chromosomes (Aneuploids and Euploids, Haploids) 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

A Trade

O.Krup)

Unit-V		ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and
	Crossing over and linkage,Transposable elements.	though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand how to apply the basic concepts of Plant Physiology in other disciplines of agriculture.
- To understand, to know and discuss the concept of physiological processes of plants.
- Understand and describe the distribution of metabolic processes in the cell.
- Understand the importance of mineral nutrition, transpiration, photosynthesis and respiration.
- To understand and explain the processes of growth and development of plants.

Job Opportunities		Employability Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal	Entrepreneurship	
		Developed	Achieved	Opportunity	
Cell biologist, Academician Genetics expert, Academician		Cell identification, plant breeding	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action) Goal 15 (Life on land)	Specimen Slide expert Plant breeding	

Cold.

DINA

July

A Too



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code: 6SMBO205 Theory Max. Marks: 25 Theory Min. Marks: 08

PRACTICAL (Laboratory -I):- Paper I

- · Isolation and quantification of plant lipids.
- Isolation of chloroplast from fresh leaves and estimation of chlorophyll proteins.
- · Chlorophyll survey of five plants. Quantification, absorption spectra of chlorophyll and
- carotenoids using different solvents.
- Demonstration of stomatal activity from suitable plant material.
- Understand and describe the distribution of metabolic processes in the cell.
- Understand the importance of mineral nutrition, transpiration, photosynthesis and respiration of plant organisms.
- · Separation of pigments by paper chromatography.
- Isolation, assay and determination of specific activity of plant enzymes of germination.
- Extraction and estimation of soluble proteins by Bradford method.
- · Estimation of reducing sugars.

Paper II

- Study of Gymnosperms -morphological, anatomical and preparing slide.
- · Study of Cycas cone and preparing slide
- Study of Thuza(young,old stem) and preparing a temporary slide.
- · Study of Pinus, morphological, anatomical and preparing slide.
- Study of Thuza(young,old root) and preparing a temporary slide.
- Study of various meristems and plant tissues by permanent and temporary slides.
- Identification of plant organs on the basis of anatomy
- Study of anatomy of root, stem and leaves by double staining method
- Comparative study of anatomy of vegetative and reproductive parts of To study permanent slide of various Gymnosperms

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Plant physiologist,	Plant	growth	Goal 04(Quality education)	Plant cultivation
Academician,	regulation		Goal 13 (Climate action)	Environmentalist
Taxonomist	Taxonomic		Goal 15 (Life on land)	
	Identification		N 0	

X

Deputy Ragistrar (Academic)

Dr. C.V. Raman University Kota, Bilaspur (C.G.)



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 2nd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code: 6SMBO206 Theory Max. Marks: 25 Theory Min. Marks: 08

PRACTICAL (Laboratory -II):- Paper III

- To study the medicinal plants and its taxonomic description.
- To study the food crops plants and its taxonomic description.
- To study the timber yielding plants and its taxonomic description.
- · Production and applications of biofuels.
- To Study of national park and Botanical garden.

Paper IV

- · Separation of membrane and demonstration of permeability.
- · Isolation and demonstration of mitochondria activity.
- Isolation of chloroplast and demonstration of chloroplast activity.
- · Histochemical localization of nucleus and nucleolus.
- Isolation quantification of RNA.
- Isolation quantification of DNA.
- Isolation quantification of Proteins.
- To study chromosomal banding pattern.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal	The same of the sa
	Developed	Achieved	Opportunity
Air Pollution Seed	production of vegetable	Goal 04(Quality	Plant conservationist
expert, Academician	and medicinal plants	education)	Specimen Slide
Cell biologist,	Cell identification,	Goal 13 (Climate action)	expert
Academician	plant breeding	Goal 15 (Life on land)	Plant breeding
Genetics expert,			
Academician		N 0	

Arrab.

Deputy Registrar (Academic)

Dr. C.V. Raman University Kota, Ellas ver (C.G.)



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:BIOTECHNOLOGY AND TISSUE CULTURE

Subject Code: 6SMB0301 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To develop understanding of industrial processes for production of antibiotics, enzymes etc.
- To develop understanding of techniques for tissue culture, cell culture and organ transplantation.
- Explain the various components of plant tissue culture media, e.g. minerals, growth factors, hormones, and
- governs the choice of components,
- Explain the various steps taken to establish and optimise media for particular purposes in particular species, without the aid of texts
- Explain and perform some of the more advanced techniques, e.g. embryo rescue, and protoplasting.
- Establish and maintain plants in tissue culture and micropropagation, including morphogenesis
- Investigate and define a protocol to establish an unknown species and test its response
- Explain the various cell lines used in tissue culture and their origins and uses

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	 Plant cell and tissue culture: General introduction, history, scope, Concept of cellular differentiation and Totipotancy Establishment of Lab, Aseptic technique and Sterilization of Glassware Different types and Preparation of Media, Ex plant technique of tissue culture, Meristem, Anther, Embryo culture, Organogenesis. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	 Somatic Hybridization, Protoplast isolation, F Fusion and culture, Somatic cell genetics, Application of tissue culture, Artificial seed, Somaclonal variation, Production of Secondary metabolites, Cryopreservation, and germplasm storage. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	 Biotechnology Principles and Application of biotechnology in Agriculture, horticulture, forestry, Food, and industries, Health care and immunology, Environment biotechnology, and ethics. Intellectual Property right-genetic engineering of plants, aims, Strategies of Transgenic Agrobeterium, 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
	 T-DNA,Gene tagging microbial genetic manipulation Genetic improvement of industrial microbes, 	Deputy R.

	Fermentation technology,	
Unit-IV	 Recombinant DNA technology: gene cloning, principle and technique, Construction of genomic and c-DNA library Vector, Plasmid, DNA synthesis polymerase chain reaction, DNA fingerprinting. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	 Genomics and proteomics, molecular markers, Artificial chromosomes, High thought sequencing, Genome projects, Bioinformatics, Microarrays, Protein profiling and its significance, 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Discuss the different applications of biotechnology
- Understand the importance of cells to genetic engineering.
- Know the natural function of restriction endonucleases and how a normal bacterial cell protects its DNA from their activity.
- Understand how insulin is produced using bacterial cells and importance to gene technology.
- · Describe techniques used to characterize DNA and Axenic culture of cell

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Tissue culture expert,	Plant tissue culture	Goal 04(Quality education)	Plant Nursery, Genetic
Academician		Goal 13 (Climate action)	engineer
		Goal 15 (Life on land)	-

C ON DE



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER-3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF PLANTS

Subject Code: 6SMBO302 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students:

- · An in-depth study on Structure and organization of D.N.A., Replication Process, Transcription process,
- Translation process and Mutagenesis.
- To expose the students on the understanding of various techniques of gene mapping and sequencing for molecular studies.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Chemistry of the gene Evidence for DNA as genetic material, Physical and chemical structure of DNA, Eukaryotic genome – Repeated DNA sequences, mechanism of DNA replication, DNA damage and DNA repair mechanisms.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Gene Expression Transcription in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, mRNA processing and other RNA processing events, mechanism of Translation, RNA splicing, genetic code.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Protein biosynthesis. Targeting of proteins to organelles. Transposons, mechanism of , IS elements, genetic consequences of transposition.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Gene regulation Principles of gene regulation, in prokaryotes (e.g. lactose and tryptophan operons) strategies of gene regulation in Eukaryotes (e.g. DNA methylation only).	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Mapping and sequencing the genome Linkage mapping and restriction mapping. C value and C value paradox. Cot curves, methods of DNA sequencing, microsatelites, Bioinformatics, microarray technology and its applications.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand in-depth knowledge on Molecular Biology
- Understand in detailed mechanisms of DNA Replication
- Understand the overall concepts of Transcription, Translation
- Understand the process of Mapping and sequencing of genome

Job Opportunities		Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity	
Genetics Academician	expert,	Gene seque	mapping ncing	and	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Geneticist
					Goal 15 (Life on land)	451.

Mal

Co own

Deputy Relistrar (Acad Kota, Bilaspur (C)



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Subject Code: 6SMBO303

Course: M. Sc. Botany The

Theory Max. Marks: 50

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-I PLANT PATHOLOGY Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To introduce concepts and principles of plant pathology. Study of interaction between plant and pathogen in relation to the overall environment and mechanism of disease development by pathogens.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Plant diseases Definition of plant disease, Nature and Concept of diseases in plant, importance of plant diseases and their effect on human affairs, classification of plant diseases, definition and terms in plant pathology history and development of plant pathology, methods of studying plant diseases (Air born, soil born and Water born diseases), Koch's Postulates.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Plant disease epidemiology Detail study of symptoms, Fungi, etiology, epidemiology and control of fungal disease of plants: Late blight of potato, Damping off vegetables, Taphrina leaf spot of turmeric, Black rust of wheat, Red rot of sugarcane, Tikka disease of groundnut, Powdery mildew of apple, Rust of linseed, Rust of coffee, Smut disease of grasses.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Seed Pathology Principles of plant disease control, plant quarantine, seed treatment, methods of studying seed born disease, collection, preservation, isolation of pathogens and biological control of plant diseases.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Host – Pathogen Interaction Distribution on plant pathogens, mode of infection, entry of pathogen in to host, roles of enzymes, toxins, phytoalexins in plant pathogenesis, physiological changes in diseased plants.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Plants Bacteriology And Virology Nomenclature and Classification of plant viruses, detail study of symptoms, symptoms caused by plant pathogenic bacteria and viruses, control of bacterial and viral disease: Bacterial leaf blight of rice, Citrus canker, Little leaf of brinjal, Tobacco mosaic disease, Potato scab, Crown gall of apple and grapes, Leaf curl of papaya, Bud blight disease.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will know about concept of diseases, knowledge and awareness of diseases, causal agents of plant diseases, identification methods and management of crop diseases.

Job Opportunities		Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity	
Plant	Pathologist,	Identification	and	Goal 04(Quality education)	Plant Pathologist	
Academ	nician	treatment of	plant	Goal 13 (Climate action)		
		pathogen		Goal 15 (Life on land)	bute	

trake

1500

Usuly

Poly

notify Banistrat (Act



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-I

PLANT REPRODUCTION

Subject Code: 6SMBO304 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students:

- · To understand the various aspects of plant floral parts, development and reproduction
- · To understand the various aspects of embryology and apomixis

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Flower Calyx, corolla, Androecium, Gynoecium; Microsporangium: Anther Wall, Endothecium Middle layers, Tapetum, Nuclear behaviour in tapetal cells, Sporogenoustissue; Male Gametophyte: Formation of vegetative and generative cells, Formation of Sperms, Pollen wall, Abnormal features. Megasporangium: Types of ovule, Integuments, Nucellus, Megasporogenesis, Special features. Female Gametophyte: Types of female gametophytes, Mature Embryo sac, Haustorialbheaviour of embryo sac, Nutrition of Embryo sac.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Pollination Anther dehiscence, pollen transfer, self pollination, cross pollination, artificial pollination, pollen storage; Fertilization: Pollen germination and pollen tube growth. Path of pollentube, pollentube discharge, Double fertilization, Syngamy. Endosperm: Types of endosperm, ruminate endosperm, cytology of endosperm, functions of endosperm.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Embryo Zygote, proembryo, Embryogeny in dicotyledons, Embryogeny in monocotyledons, suspenser, under developed and reduced embryos, Nutrition of embryo. Polyembryony: Causes of polyembryony, experimental induction of polyembryony, classification of polyembryony practical value of polyembryony.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Embryology in relation to Taxonomy Importance of Embryological characters in taxonomic considerations, families with special embryological features, examples of the value of embryology in taxonomy,	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Apomixis Vegetative reproduction, apospory, causes of apomixis, significance of apomixis.: Experimental Embryology: Palynology in relation to Taxonomy. Effects of young seeds on fruit growth, Parthenocarpy, parasexual hybridization.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Discuss the structural elements of plants floral parts and reproduction
- · Discuss the Pollination, embroyology and apomixis

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Taxonomy, Academician	Embryologist, expert	flower	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Taxonomist, Horticulturist
		e	()Goal 15 (Life on Hand)	10/3 13/30

1009



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-II PLANT ECOLOGY

Subject Code: 6SMB0305

Theory Max. Marks: 50

Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To Distinguish between species, populations, communities, ecosystems biomes and Understand the factors that affect population size, density, distribution, and dynamics.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	The Environment Physical environment; biotic and abiotic interactions. Habitat and Niche: Concept of habitat and nicheEcosystem Ecology: Ecosystem structure and function; Food Chain, Food Web, Energy flow and Mineral cycling (C,N); Primary production and Methods of measurement of primary productivity;	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Population Ecology Characteristics of a population(Density,Natality, Mortality ,Dispersion Population size, Age structure , Life tables); Population growth curves; Population regulation; life history strategies (r and K selection);	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Species Interactions Types of Interactions, Positive interactions- Mutualism, Symbiosis, commensalism, Negative interactions – Exploitation, Herbivors, Carnivors, antibiosis, competition.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Community Ecology Characteristics of communities Analytical Quantitative – Frequency, density, Abundance, Cover and Basal area. Qualitative – Physiognomy, Phenology, Stratification, sociability, vitality and Life form and Synthetic - Prensence and constance, Fidelity Dominance.); Raunkiaer concept; Levels of species diversity and its measurement; Ecotones. Biodiversity: Monitoring; Hotspots (with reference to India), Major drivers of biodiversity change; Ecological Succession: Types; mechanisms; Changes involved in succession; Concept of climax- Monoclimax and Polyclimax theories.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Applied Ecology Pollution -Global environmental change - Atmosphere composition and structure, Green house gases, Global warming, Ozone depletion. Conservation Biology: Principles of conservation In situ - Protected areas, National parks, Wildlife sanctuaries, Biosphere reserves and Project tiger. Ex situ - Botanical gardens, Zoological parks and cryopreservation.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

By understanding the concepts of ecological principles and environmental issues, the student will be able to develop attitude, value system and ethics towards environment related issues.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal	Entrepreneurship
	Developed	Achieved	Opportunity
Ecologist, Academician	Environmental conservationist	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action) Goal 15 (Life op land)	Environmentalist

Manage .

Omy



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code:

Theory Max. Marks: 25 Theory Min. Marks: 08

Lab-I Discipline Specific Elective-1

PRACTICAI:-

- 1. To study different sterilization technique.
- 2. To study preparations of culture media.(MS)
- To study sterilization of seeds.
- 4. Enplant preparations.
- 5. Study of different techniques in plant hybridization.
- Preparation of synthetic seeds.

PRACTICAL:-

- To study the physical characteristics (temperature, colour and texture) of soil.
- · To determine water holding capacity of soils collected from different locations.
- To determine pH and conductivity of soils collected from different locations.
- Chemical testing of soil for phosphorus, potassium and nitrate.
- · To determine percentage organic carbon and organic matter in the soils of crop land, grassland and forest.
- · To determine the pH and conductivity of water samples collected from different locations.
- To estimate the dissolved oxygen content in eutrophic and oligotrophic water samples.
- To record the a biotic components i.e. pH, temperature, turbidity and light intensity of water in a pond ecosystem.
- · To determine the minimum size of the quadrat by species- area curve.
- To study the community by Quadrat method by determining frequency, density and abundance of different species present in the community.
- Determination of species diversity index and importance value index of local vegetation.
- To compare protected and unprotected grasslands using community coefficients (similarity index).
- · To study the species composition of an area for analyzing biological spectrum and comparison
- · With Raunkiaer's normal biological spectrum.
- To survey and study the ecological adaptations of locally available hydrophytes and xerophytes.
- · Field visit of any protected area and to discuss causes and impacts of biodiversity loss.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal	Entrepreneurship
	Developed	Achieved	Opportunity
Tissue culture expert, Academician Genetics expert, Academician	Plant tissue culture Gene mapping and sequencing	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action) Goal 15 (Life on land)	Plant Nursery Geneticist

C In

Chily



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-II

PLANTS & SOCIETY

Subject Code: 6SMB0306 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Students will gain an appreciation for the plants in their world.
- Students will develop an understanding of how plants grow.
- Students will gain an understanding of how plants are used by people.
- Students will be able to identify and label the basic parts of a plant, including: root, stem, leaves, flower, and petals, by creating their own flower and explaining it to the teacher or their classmates.
- Introduce children to the concept that plants have various parts.
- Help students to understand the basic functions of each of these structures.
- Children will learn about plants and the elements (food, water, and sun) necessary for plant growth.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	History of plants and development of society, Role of plants in tracing human history, green revolution:- benefits and adverse consequences. Innovations for meeting world food demands. Early domestication centers of major cultivated plants, Plants in Mythology, folklores Role of Ethno botany in relation to development of society.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Plants & Human Health, Usage of plants in different systems of medicine allopathic, Homeopathic Aurvedic, Herbal Medicine, and concept of Herbal Cosmetic. Plants as health hazards. Food spoilage. Viral, Bacterial and fungal diseases of human beings.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Plants in Enterprenural Areas-A: Techniques of cultivation and marketing of few Chlorophytum, Guggul, Commiphera wightii, Rauwolfia serpentina. Plants and other uses: Agriculture & Horticulture.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Plants in Enterprenural Areas - B: Use of plants in earning livelihood - Such as Bamboos, Rattans, Raw Materials of papermakings, Gums tannins, dyes, resins and fruits. Techniques of cultivation and marketing of - Aromatic Plants - Lemon grass, plasma Rosa, Floriculture - rose and gladioli.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Plants in Enterprenural Areas - C: Techniques of cultivation and marketing of - Mushroom Cultivation, Nursery management, Vermiculture & Vermicompost. Mass cultivation of few plants using tissue culture techniques. Bonsii Techniques.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Plants are like other organisms in regard to: basic metabolism, sexual reproduction, clonal reproduction hormonally regulated development, ability to respond to the environment, diversity and evolution.

- Plants are unique organisms in: their varied life histories especially a sporic one with alternation of
 generations; their role as primary producers in food webs, serving as the interface organisms between the
 organic and inorganic worlds viamineral assimilation and photosynthesis; and the oxygenation of the
 atmosphere.
- · Plants serve as an important source of products: food, fiber, flavorings, feed, fuel, pharmaceuticals, etc.

Lab-II Discipline Specific Elective-II

Practical -II

- 1. To study the parts of flower.
- 2. To cut the T.S. of anther, pollen and ovule.
- 3. To cut the T.S. of Dicot and monocot embryo.
- 4. To study the modes of reproduction in plant.
- 5. To study of endosperm.
- 6. To study of different types of ovule.

Practical -II

- Identification of economically important plant products- their binomials, families and morphology of the parts used.
- 2. Submission of digital photographs with description of 5 will medicinal plants and 5 wild edible plants.
- 3. Usage of plants in different systems of medicine
- a. allopathic, Homeopathic Aurvedic, Herbal Medicine
- 4. Techniques of cultivation and marketing of Mushroom Cultivation.
- 5. Techniques of cultivation and marketing of Aromatic Plants

Job Opportunities	Employability Skil	Local/National/UNDP	Entrepreneurship
	Developed	Goal Achieved	Opportunity
Taxonomist, Academician, Traditional Medicinal plant expert	Embryologist	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action) Goal 15 (Life on land)	Plant Nursery , Food and medicinal crop production

my



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-III

TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

Subject Code: 6SMBO401 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

· Utilize safety measures and equipment

- · Use a bright field microscope to view and interpret slides
- Properly prepare slides for biological examination
- · Properly use aseptic techniques for the transfer and handling of microorganisms and instruments
- Use appropriate biological media and test systems
- Use standard biology laboratory equipment correctly

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Microscopy: Principles and applications of light, phase contrast, fluorescence microscopes, scanning and transmission electron microscopes. Fixation and staining; cytophotometry and flow cytometry.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Chromatography: Principles and applications of gel filtration, ion-exchange, affinity, thin layer, gas chromatography and high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC). Electrophoresis and centrifugation: Principles and applications of agarose and polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis; ultracentrifugation (velocity and buoyant density).	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Molecular biology techniques: Sequencing of proteins and nucleic acids; southern, northern and western blotting techniques, polymerase chain reaction (PCR), ELISA, MALDITOF. Methods for measuring nucleic acid and protein interactions; DNA fingerprinting; Molecular markers (RFLP, AFLP, RAPD).	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Spectroscopy: Fluorescence, UV, visible, NMR and ESR spectroscopy; X-ray diffraction. Tracer Biology: Principles and applications of tracer techniques in biology; radioactive isotopes and half-life of isotopes; autoradiography.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Centrifuge: Principles and applications, methods of centrifuge. Types of centrifuge. Soxlation and extraction of plant.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to acquire, articulate, retain and apply specialized language and knowledge relevant to biology.

1 Argh

Dr. C.V. Raman Univ Kota, Bilaspur (C.(

- Students will acquire and demonstrate competency in laboratory safety and in routine and specialized biological laboratory skills applicable to biological research or clinical methods, including accurately reporting observations and analysis.
- Students will communicate scientific concepts, experimental results and analytical arguments clearly and concisely, both verbally and in writing.
- Students will demonstrate engagement in the biology discipline through involvement in research or internship
 activities, the biology Student Association club (MSA) and outreach or mentoring activities specific to
 biology.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Instrumentation	Skills related to different	Goal 04(Quality education)	Instrument expert
expert	instruments	Goal 15 (Life on land)	

Sla

my

15000



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 3rd

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-III EVOLUTIONARY AND ECONOMIC BOTANY

Subject Code: 6SMB0402 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVES:-

- Describe the theory of natural selection.
- Explain how new species arise.
- · Construct a phylogenetic tree.
- Explain the mechanisms which underlie evolution at the molecular level.
- to identify the following crops: Sorghum, Maize, Rice, and Wheat
- · to know the origin, distribution, spread and taxonomy of the above listed crops
- · to be able to describe morphological feature
- to know the economic importance of the listed crops.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Evolutionary Biology: Origin of life (including aspects of prebiotic environment and molecular evolution); Concept of evolution; Theories of organic evolution; Mechanisms of speciation. Hardyweinberg genetic equilibrium, genetic polymorphism and selection; origin and evolution of economically important microbes and plants.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Origin of agriculture: World centers of primary diversity of domesticated plants; Plant introduction; Secondary centers of origin. Plant as a source of renewable energy; Innovations for meeting world food demands.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Botany, cultivation and uses of — a. Food, forage and fodder crops (cereals, pulses, vegetables and fruits) b. Fiber yielding plants c. Botany, cultivation and uses of Medicinal plants d. Aromatic plants e. Oil yielding plants	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Important fire-wood, timber-yielding plants and Non-wood forest products (NWFPs) such as- Bamboos, rattans, raw materials for paper-making, gums, tannins, dyes and resins. Plants used as avenue trees for shade, pollution control and aesthetics.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Farming of medicinal plant, cryopreservation, seed bank, methods of crop rotation.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:-

Acknowledge the economic uses of plants in modern society.

Acquire an increased awareness and appreciation of plants & plant products encountered in everyday life.

Develop scientific insights into the development of many plant products that have shaped our society.

A Tree

or many

boul

- · Appreciate the diversity of plants and the plant products in human use;
- Understand the biological reasons why certain plant resources are important;
- Explain the geographical, historical, and cultural contributions of economically important plants on the development of human culture.
- · Understand the conditions & consequences of natural selection; & describe differentmodes

Job Opportunities	Employability Developed	Skill	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Evolutionary Biologist, Academician	Medicinal plant farming		Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Horticulture expert
			Goal 15 (Life on land)	

emy

My



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 4th

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-IV

METHODS IN BIOLOGY APPLIED BIOLOGY INSTRUMENT,

BIOSTATISTICS AND COMPUTER

Subject Code: 6SMBO403 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVES:-

- Describe the roles biostatistics serves in the discipline of public health.
- Describe basic concepts of probability, random variation and commonly used statistical probability
- Describe preferred methodological alternatives to commonly used statistical methods when assumptions are not met.
- Distinguish among the different measurement scales and the implications for selection of statistical methods to be used based on these distinctions.
- Apply descriptive techniques commonly used to summarize public health data.
- Apply common statistical methods for inference.
- Apply descriptive and inferential methodologies according to the type of study design for answering a particular research question.
- Apply basic informatics techniques with vital statistics and public health records in the description of public health characteristics and in public health research and evaluation.
- Interpret results of statistical analyses found in public health studies.
- Develop written and oral presentations based on statistical analyses for both public health professionals and educated lay audiences.
- Capability to build statistical model over real health data.
- Estimate and compare efficiency of models.
- Use statistical software to analyze health -related data.
- Be able to explain the advantages of a Bayesian data analysis.
- Perform univariate data analysis for continuous and categorical variables.
- Interpret inferential findings within Bayesian thinking (e.g. credible intervals, hypothesis testing). Conduct inference via posterior simulation and simulations tool.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	 Microscopy, TEM, SEM, ELISA, Western and southern blotting, staining spectrophotometer, Electrophoresis colorimeter, x-ray differentiation, pH meter, centrifugation, chromatography, microtome Laminar air flow. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	 Biostatistics: mean, median, mode, Probability, Distribution normal and binomial, Histogram, Standard deviation, Standard errors, Correlation and regression, Significance based on small and large sample(t_tz,f-test and chi 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope

Unit-III	 Microbial fermentation transgenic plants (bioremediation) biosensors, application of different techniques in biology, Culture of Algae, and fungi, Tissue culture technique. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	 Introduction to computer; fundamentals, Permanent storage of number, system,, MS, DOS, MS WORD, MS EXCEL, Application of computer biostatistics problems, computer in biology:, sequence data bases, analysis of protein and nucleic acid, structure prediction, simple molecular modeling, Sample graph plotting. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	 Networking of computer, need and application. Detail study of internet, Use of e-mail and internet, Modern strategies of literature search, Record and presentation of data and scope. 	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching individual presentation and though Microscope

COURSE OUTCOMES:-

- Draw conclusions or make predictions based on data summaries or statistical analyses.
- Design research studies in collaboration with physicians, life scientists, or other professionals.
- · Analyze clinical or survey data using statistical approaches such as longitudinal analysis, mixed effect
- logistic regression analyses, and model building techniques.
- · Provide Biostatistician consultation to clients or colleague

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Instrument expert, Academician	Skill related to different equipment	Goal 04(Quality education)	Can be instrument expert and technician, computer trainer
		Goal 15 (Life on land)	

Arga.

Slo



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 4th Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE-IV

ETHNO BOTANY

Subject Code: 6SMBO404 Theory Max. Marks: 50 Theory Min. Marks: 17

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students:

- To proper documentation and presentation of traditional knowledge about plants.
- To use important plants by the tribal communities for various purposes.
- Conservation natural growing plants and socioeconomic impacts.
- Ethno botany solve human problem of nutrition health care and life support system.

Units	Unit Wise Course Content	Methodology Adopted
Unit-I	Ethno-Medicine Introduction, concept, scope and objective; Aboriginal uses and management of ethno-botanical species in India. Carefully analyzed, verified and proper preparation of medicines by local healers. Exploration of some ethno-medicinal plants used by tribals. Medico-Ethno-botanical sources in India. Ailments for cure diseases.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-II	Ethno-botany (concept and studies) Introduction, definition, Classification, method of study ethno-botany, phytosociological studies, Significance and ethno-botanical practices, role of ethnic groups, Traditional systems of medicine, Conservation and protection of ethno- biodiversity, ethno- botany as tool to protract ethnic groups. Role of ethno-botany in modern, high tech science.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-III	Ethno-botany and Legal aspect Ethno botany as an interdisciplinary science.Paleo- ethnobotany. Aims and object of legal aspect. Biopiracy, Intellectual property rights, endegerd species Vulnerable and extinct ethno-species. Application of natural habitat and propagation of ethno-botanical species. Propagation through cutting, layering, grafting, and budding. Enforcement of existing Acts. Policy framework.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-IV	Herbal Medicines and Folk medicines History ,Scope, Definition, Aims and Objects about folk and herbal medicines. Selection of herbal planting material for Cultivation, Harvesting, Storage and Marketing of herbal medicines. Systematic position of herbal medicinal plants. Nursery, Forming, use of green houses for nursery. Development of agro- technology and promotion of rural bio-technology.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching, individual presentation and though Microscope
Unit-V	Phormacognosy and Economic ethno-botany Active principals and method of screening, testing of secondary metabolites-Alkaloids, Flavonoids, Steroids, Tannins, Terpenoids, Phenolic compounds. Anti-microbial, Anti-oxidant, Anti-inflammatory, Drug adulteration- types, methods of drug evaluation. Biological testing of herbal medicines. Future aspect of phormacognosy.	ICT & Green Board based Class Room Teaching individual presentation and though Microscope

A Arright

100

Tribal economic realization through different sources for their

livelihood. Ethnic policy for commercialization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- · To express the historical development of ethno botany. Recognize and identify important plant species.
- Explain ethno botanically uses of plants. Detail their native habitats and cultivated lands.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Ethnobotanist	Traditional medicinal plant skill	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Ethnobotanist and taxonomist
		Goal 15 (Life on land)	

Slaf.



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 4th
Course: M. Sc. Botany
SUBJECT:

Subject Code: Theory Max. Marks: 25 Theory Min. Marks:08

LAB-I

- 1. Principles, applications and methods of centrifuge. 2.Study of Soxlation and extraction of plant.
- 3. Molecular biology techniques.
- 4. Study of polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
- 5. Chromatography: Principles and applications of gel filtration, ion-exchange, affinity, thin layer, gas chromatography and high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC).
- 6. Fixation and staining; cytophotometry and flow cytometry.
- 7. Microscopy: Principles and applications of light, phase contrast, fluorescence microscopes,
- 8. Spectroscopy: Fluorescence, UV, visible, NMR and ESR spectroscopy; X-ray diffraction.
 - Representation of Statistical data by a) Histograms b) Pie diagrams
 - Determination of Statistical averages/ central tendencies. a) Arithmetic mean b) Median c) Mode
 - Determination of measures of Dispersion a) Mean deviation b) Standard deviation and coefficient of variation c) Quartile deviation
 - Tests of Significance-Application of following a) Chi- Square test b) t- test c) Standard error
 - Computer operations-getting acquainted with different parts of Computers. [DOS] and basics of operating a computer.
 - · Creating files, folders and directories.
 - Applications of computers in biology using MS-Office. A] MS-Word B] Excel C] Power Point
 - Creating an e-mail account, sending and receiving mails.
 - An introduction to INTERNET, search engines, websites, browsing and Downloading.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Academician,	Skill related to different	Goal 04(Quality education)	Can be instrument expert
Instrument expert	equipment	Goal 15 (Life on land)	and technician

Airghe, J.

July 1



KARGI ROAD, KOTA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SEMESTER- 4th

Course: M. Sc. Botany

SUBJECT:

Subject Code:

Theory Max. Marks: 25

Theory Min. Marks: 08

LAB-II

• Study of timber – Yielding plants

· Study of aromatic plant

· Study of cultivation and uses of medicinal plants

· Study of oil yielding plants

· Study of fiber yielding plants

· Study of Food, forage and fodder crops (cereals, pulses vegetables and fruits)

· Study of Ethnomedicinel plant.

· Study of archaeoethnobotany

· Study of Plants used in various systems of medicines.

· Study of plant used in Ayurvedic, Unani and Homoeopathic system .

· Study of plant in Allopathic systems.

Plants used by villagers and tribal people.

Job Opportunities	Employability Skill Developed	Local/National/UNDP Goal Achieved	Entrepreneurship Opportunity
Ethnobotanist	Traditional medicinal plant skill	Goal 04(Quality education) Goal 13 (Climate action)	Ethnobotanist and taxonomist
		Goal 15 (Life on land)	

eld.

emy

My